

Giuseppe Clerico

PERSONAL DATA

Born in Bastia Mondovì (CN) March 29, 1947

BIO AND EDUCATION

High School Diploma (Classical Studies)

Political Science Degree (specialized in Political Economy), University of Turin

Professor of Public Finance at the Department of Law and Social Sciences (at Alessandria) , University of Eastern Piedmont where I teach *Public Finance* , *Economics of Institutions (Law and Economics)* and *Economic Policy* .

The main research areas are: *Health Economics and Law and Economics*.

I am the author of several books and over one hundred papers on topics related to Health economics and Law and Economics.

UNIVERSITY CAREER

2000-	Professor of Public Finaance, Università del Piemonte Orientale
1998--2000	Associate Professor of Public Finance, Università del Piemonte Orientale
1994-1998	Associate Professor of Public Finance, Università di Torino
1992-1994	Associate Professor of Public Finance, Università di Cagliari
1981-1992	Economics Researcher, Università di Torino
1974-1981	Economics Grantee, Università di Torino
1972-1974	Economics Fellowship, Università di Torino

UNIVERSITY POSITIONS

2006-2009	Member of the Senate, Università del Piemonte Orientale
2006-2009	Director of the Department of Law and Economics (DISGE), Università del Piemonte orientale

SCIENTIFIC POSITIONS

2009-	Director of CORIPE Piemonte
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MAIN FIELDS OF INTEREST

1. Property Rights
2. Contract economic theory
3. Health Economics
4. Organization economic theory
5. Health technology assessment

CURRENT ISSUES OF RESEARCH

The Public Regulation between Market Failure and Mind Failure

In an imperfect market economic theory shows some inconsistencies, compared to a market of pure and perfect competition, which are known as *market failure*. The failure of the market, for example, is caused by the following conditions: monopoly and market power of the producer; information asymmetry; and the existence of externalities (positive and negative). In the case of market failure the standard economic theory suggests state intervention, including regulation, taxes and subsidies. The approach of *Behavioral Economics* shows that state intervention is a reason for its existence not only in the standard case of market failure but also in case of *mind failure*, that is, in all cases in which the subject is not able to take maximizing choices due to cognitive limits and constraints that can make the individual decision not optimal.

TOP FIVE PAPERS

- 1 Equità, efficienza e diritti di proprietà, *Economia delle scelte pubbliche*, n. 3, 1989.
- 2 *Decision Making Structures: Dealing with Uncertainty within Organizations* (con M. Catalani), Physica-Verlag, Heidelberg, 1996.
- 3 *Analisi economica del contratto*, Giuffrè, 2008.
- 4 Scelte pubbliche, efficienza e giustizia distributiva intergenerazionale-Ruolo ed effetti del tasso di sconto, *Economia pubblica*, numero unico 2010.
- 5 *Health Technology Assessment- principi, metodi e problemi della valutazione economica*, Giuffrè, 2014.